

Практическое занятие №23

Тема: Москва – столица России. Достопримечательности Москвы.

Цель: совершенствование и развитие навыков устной и письменной речи, навыков чтения и перевода текста на английском языке.

Содержание работы:

1. №1 Соединить слова (писать полностью), **№9** (прочитать текст устно перевести), **№10** (ответить true/false в соответствие с прочитанным текстом), **№12** попробуйте найти информацию о любой достопримечательности Москвы (изображенных на картинах) и используя наводящие фразы, заключенные в скобках, дополните предложения.), **№14** (вставить пропущенные слова, полученные предложения перевести), **№15** (раскрыть скобки в Past Simple предложения перевести)

Warm-up

1 Match the words in the left and right columns.

- a. Moscow State University
- b. the Arbat
- c. Petrovsky Passage
- d. the Tretyakov Gallery
- e. the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier
- f. the Bolshoi
- g. Luzhniki
- h. Metropol
- i. Praga
- j. Pushkinsky

- 1. department store
- 2. theatre
- 3. stadium
- 4. cinema
- 5. educational institution
- 6. restaurant
- 7. hotel
- 8. museum
- 9. monument
- 10. street



Vocabulary

8 Study the following words and expressions.

Muscovite — москвич
to be governed — управляться
city council — городской совет
mayor — мэр
borough — округ
hub — средоточие
network — сеть
civilian — гражданский
to adjoin — примыкать, граничить
marketplace — рыночная площадь

spot — место
popular assembly — народное собрание
cathedral — собор
liberator — освободитель
Grand Duke — великий князь
to occur — случаться
offensive — наступление
virtually — практически
to host — принимать (гостей)
to launch — запускать, начинать

9 Read the text.

Moscow: Forever Young and Beautiful



Alexander is a Muscovite and he knows a lot about the history of Moscow. Moscow is the capital of Russia and of the Moscow region. It is the administrative centre of the Central district. It is situated on the Moscow River. Moscow is Russia's largest city and the leading economic and cultural centre. Moscow is governed by a city council and a mayor and is divided into boroughs. The heart of Moscow is the Kremlin, a walled city in itself. Its walls represent the city limits as of the late 15th century. The hub of the Russian railway network, Moscow is also a port and has several civilian and military airports.

Adjoining the Kremlin in the east there is Red Square. It originally was a marketplace and a meeting spot for popular assemblies. Red Square is still used as a parade ground and for demonstrations. One of the most wonderful examples of Russian architecture is St Basil's Cathedral. In front of the cathedral there stands a monument to the liberators Minin and Pozharskiy.

The village of Moscow was first mentioned in the Russian Chronicles in 1147. And this year it was founded by Yuri Dolgorukiy. In the 15th century Moscow became the capital of the Russian national state, and in 1547 Grand Duke Ivan IV became the first Tsar.



Built largely of wood until the 19th century, Moscow suffered from numerous fires. The most well-known of them occurred during Napoleon's occupation in 1812. Rebuilt, Moscow developed as a major textile and metallurgical centre. During the 19th and early 20th centuries it was the principal centre of the labour movement and social democracy.

During World War II, Moscow was the goal of the German offensive. Although the German columns were stopped only about 40 km from the city's centre, Moscow suffered virtually no war damage.

The city hosted the Olympic Games in 1980.

In the 1990s the city began to attract foreign investment and became increasingly westernized. Many reconstruction projects were launched. Nowadays Moscow is even more beautiful with its modern cafes, shops and offices of European standard.

10 Are these statements true or false? Correct the false ones.

1. Moscow is governed by a mayor.
2. Moscow has several ports.
3. Minin and Pozharskiy founded Moscow in 1147.
4. The monument to Yuri Dolgorukiy stands in Red Square.
5. St Basil's Cathedral is located within the territory of the Kremlin.
6. The first Russian Tsar was Ivan the Terrible.
7. In the 15th century Moscow became the capital of the Russian Federation.
8. During World War II Moscow was occupied by the German troops.
9. Moscow suffered from numerous fires. The most known of them occurred during World War II.
10. In the 1980s many reconstruction projects were launched.

Speaking

- 12 Give simple information about the pictures using the following prompts.

The ... is located ... (in ... street, near the ... metro station, on the outskirts of Moscow etc).
It was built in ... (year, century) by ...
It is ... (beautiful, gigantic, monumental etc).
I know / don't know much about its history.
Last time I visited it in ... / I've never visited it ... (but I'd like to etc).



Writing

- 13 Surf the Internet and write about one of the Moscow attractions.

Practice

- 14 Complete the following sentences with the words from the box.

reserve, partners, online reservation, accommodation, wishes and means, approach, tourist, luxurious, discounted rates, business



If you are to visit Moscow as a or on, or you are planning to meet your in Moscow and need, we are glad to offer you a Moscow hotel reservation at

You can a hotel of any level – from tourist class to 5-star hotels. It is an easy with individual to every client. If you are undecided about which hotel to stay in, we will recommend you something according to your, trying to make the best possible choice for you.

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Put the verbs in the correct form.

1. Prince Yuri Dolgorukiy (to want) to celebrate some successful negotiations and was looking for a place to celebrate a feast. The place (to happen) to be Moscow.
2. In 1237 the Mongols (to burn) the city to ashes.
3. In 1328 Moscow (to earn) the status of capital of the Russian region.
4. In 1571 the Mongols (to attack) the city again and (to burn) it completely.
5. A severe plague (to ruin) the city in 1654. It (to kill) a lot of inhabitants.
6. In 1712 Moscow (to lose) its capital status to St Petersburg.
7. In 1812 the war with Napoleon (to lead) to big fires in Moscow destroying almost everything.
8. On 12th March, 1918 the City of Moscow (to become) the capital of Soviet Russia.
9. When the USSR (to divide) in the year 1991, the city (to continue) to be the capital of Russia.
10. Moscow (to celebrate) its 850 Anniversary in 1997 and today (to be) one of the more respected cities in the world.

