

## Практическое занятие № 7

**Тема: Страна изучаемого языка: Великобритания.**

**Цель:** Совершенствование и развитие навыков перевода текста с целью извлечения информации на английском языке. Развитие интереса к истории, традициям и нравам страны изучаемого языка.

**Exercise 1. Переведите текст ответьте на вопросы.**

*Vocabulary*

Isle-остров

Ireland-остров Ирландия

To separate-разделять

European-европейский

The English Channel-пролив Ла-Манш

To be washed by-омываться

To border on- граничить с

To consist of- состоять из

Mountainous peninsula-гористый полуостров

To stretch- простирается

Estuary-устье реки

Deposits- залежи

Iron ore- железная руда

To discover-обнаруживать

Current- течение

Severely-чрезвычайно

Decade-десятилетие

Monarchy-монархия

### Great Britain

The full name of the country is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

The United Kingdom is situated on the British Isles. The British Isles consist of two large islands, Great Britain and Ireland, and a great number of small islands. Their total area is over 314000 square km.

The British Isles are separated from the European continent by the North Sea and the English Channel. The western coast of Great Britain is washed by the Atlantic Ocean and the Irish Sea.

Northern Ireland occupies one third of the islands of Ireland.

The Island of Great Britain consist of three main parts; England (the southern and middle part of the island), Wales (a mountains peninsula in the west) and Scotland (the northern part of the Island).

There are no high mountains in Great Britain. In the North the Cheviots separate England from Scotland, the Pennines stretch down North England along its middle, the Cambrian mountains occupy the greater part of Wales and the Highlands of Scotland are the tallest of the British mountains.

Most of the rivers flow into the North Sea. The Thames is the deepest of the British rivers. Some of the British greatest ports are situated in the estuaries of the Thames, Mersey, Trent, Tyne, Clyde and Bristol Avon.

Great Britain is not very rich in mineral resources. It has some deposits of coal and iron ore and vast deposits of oil and gas that was discovered in the North Sea.

The warm currents of the Atlantic Ocean influence the climate of Great Britain. Winters are not severely cold and summers are rarely hot.

The population of the United Kingdom is over 58 million people.

Great Britain is a highly industrialized country. New industries have been developed in the last three decades. The main industrial centers are London, Birmingham, Manchester, Leeds, Liverpool, Glasgow and Bristol.

The capital of the country is London. The United Kingdom is a parliamentary monarchy. The head of the state is the queen Elizabeth II. She lives in Buckingham Palace.

The flag of the country is called "Union Jack", it consists of three crosses. The national symbol of the country is the Red Rose.

### **Questions**

1. Where is the United Kingdom situated?
2. What islands do the British Isles consist of?
3. What ocean and seas are the British Isles washed by?
4. How many parts does the Islands of Great Britain consist of and what are they called?
5. Are there any high mountains in Great Britain?
6. What sea do most of the rivers flow into?
7. What mineral resources is Great Britain rich in?
8. What is the climate like in Great Britain?
9. What is the population of Great Britain?
10. What city is the capital of the UK?
11. What kind of state is Great Britain?
12. Who is the head of state?
13. What is the national symbol of the UK?

### **Exercise 2. Составьте предложения из данных слов в правильном порядке.**

1. and, island, which, parts, the, England, largest, consists, Great, Britain, three, and, Scotland, is, of, Wales.
2. high, Great, Britain, the, very, in, mountains, not, are.
3. country, the, a, developed, Kingdom, highly, industrial, is, United.